CAMEROON



STATISTICAL PROFILE ON FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION/CUTTING

Female genital mutilation/cutting (FGM/C) refers to "all procedures involving partial or total removal of the female external genitalia or other injury to the female genital organs for non-medical reasons."¹ More than 125 million girls and women alive today have been cut in the 29 countries in Africa and the Middle East where FGM/C is concentrated. As many as 30 million girls are at risk of being cut before their 15th birthday if current trends continue. FGM/C is a violation of girls' and women's human rights and is condemned by many international treaties and conventions, as well as by national legislation in many countries. Yet, where it is practised FGM/C is performed in line with tradition and social norms to ensure that girls are socially accepted and marriageable, and to uphold their status and honour and that of the entire family. UNICEF works with government and civil society partners towards the elimination of FGM/C in countries where it is still practised.

1. World Health Organization, Eliminating Female Genital Mutilation: An interagency statement, WHO, UNFPA, UNICEF, UNIFEM, OHCHR, UNHCR, UNECA, UNESCO, UNDP, UNAIDS, WHO, Geneva, 2008, p. 4.

No national decree/legislation banning FGM/C

SELECTED STATISTICS ON WOMEN'S STATUS

13%	of women 20-24 years were married or in union before age 15
38%	of women 20-24 years were married or in union before age 18
30%	of women 20-24 years have given birth by age 18
47%	of women 15-49 years think that a husband/partner is justified in hitting or beating his wife under certain circumstances
60%	of women 15-49 years make use of at least one type of information media at least once a week (newspaper, magazine magazine, television, or radio)

Source: DHS/MICS 2011

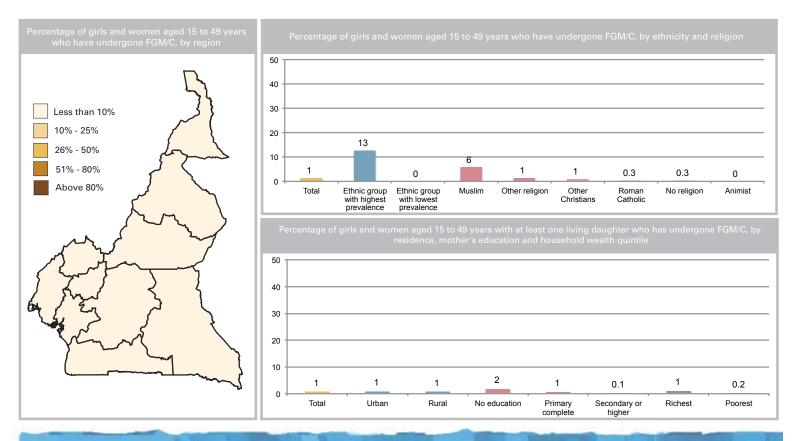


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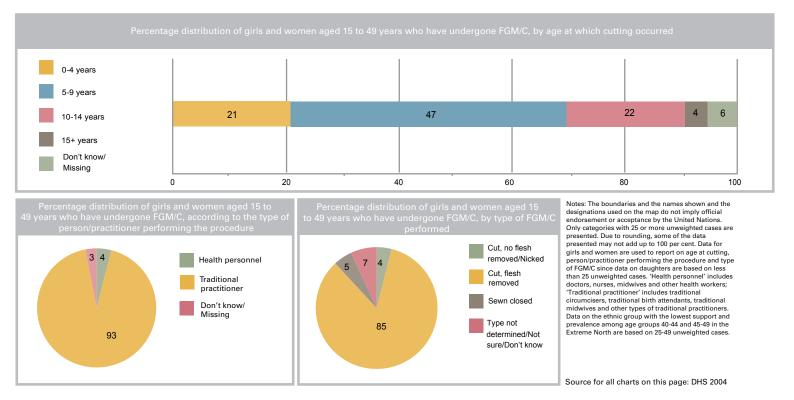
HOW WIDESPREAD IS THE PRACTICE?

The prevalence of FGM/C in Cameroon is very low across all regions and population groups



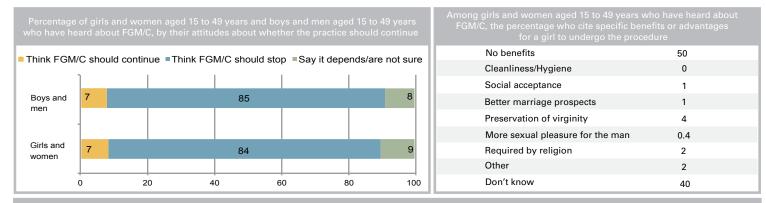
WHEN AND HOW IS FGM/C PERFORMED?

Almost 3 out of 4 girls and women were cut between the ages of five and fourteen

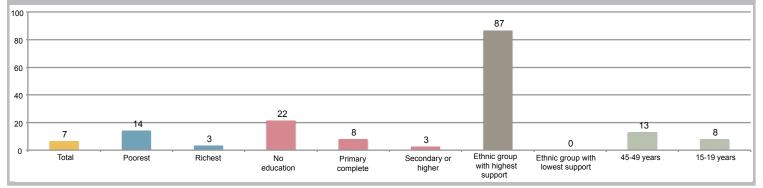


WHAT ARE THE PREVAILING ATTITUDES TOWARDS FGM/C?

While the overall level of support for the practice is low, there is a wide variation in attitudes by ethnicity

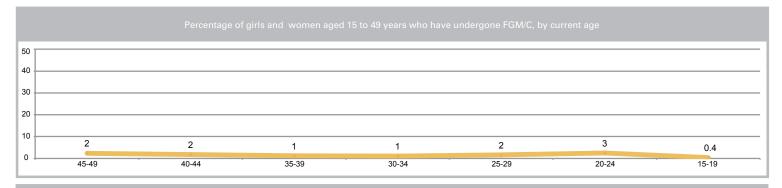


Percentage of girls and women aged 15 to 49 years who have heard about FGM/C and think the practice should continue, by household wealth quintile, education, ethnicity and age

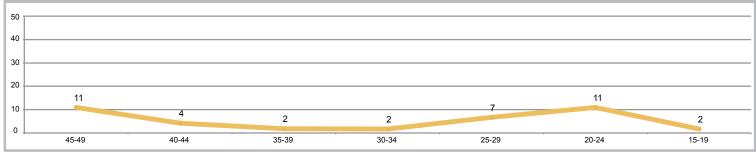


IS THE PRACTICE OF FGM/C CHANGING?

The practice of FGM/C has been systematically very low throughout the years



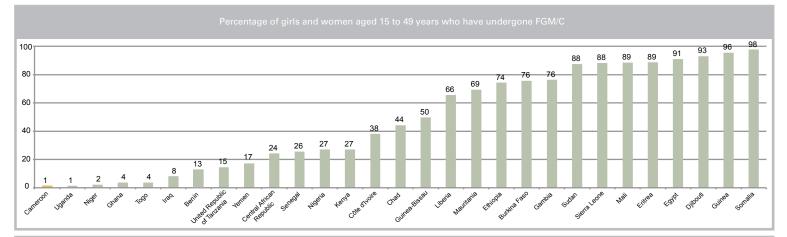
Percentage of girls and women aged 15 to 49 years who have undergone FGMC, by current age, in Extreme North, the region with the highest FGM/C prevalence



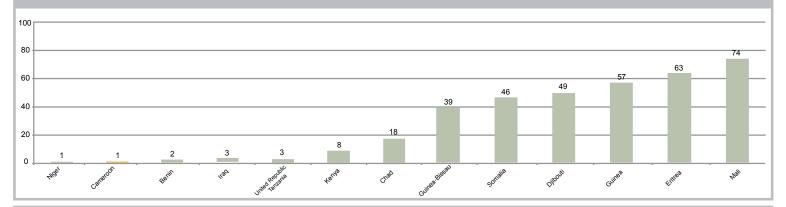
Source for all charts on this page: DHS 2004

CAMEROON

INTER-COUNTRY STATISTICAL OVERVIEW



Percentage of girls and women aged 15 to 49 years with at least one living daughter who has undergone FGM/C



100 80 69 66 64 65 60 49 45 42 41 41 38 40 31 21 20 11 10 9 9 6 0 chal Guinez EGYP

Notes: Data on attitudes for Yemen refer to ever-married girls and women. In Liberia, girls and women who have heard of the Sande society were asked whether they were members; this provides indirect information on FGM/C since it is performed during initiation into the society. Data on daughters for Iraq refer to ever-married girls and women with at least one daughter who has undergone FGM/C. Data on attitudes for Ghana are from MICS 2006, for Nigeria from DHS 2008, and for Sierra Leone from DHS 2008 as data from the most recently available MICS surveys are not comparable. In Liberia, only cut girls and women were asked about their attitudes towards FGM/C; since girls and women from practising communities are more likely to support the practice, the level of support in this country as captured by the DHS 2007 is higher than would be anticipated had all girls and women been asked their opinion.

Sources: DHS, MICS, National Social Protection Monitoring Survey and SHHS, 1997-2012



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FOR MORE INFORMATION

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